



# POWER-MOS FET

## FIELD EFFECT POWER TRANSISTOR

### IRF822,823

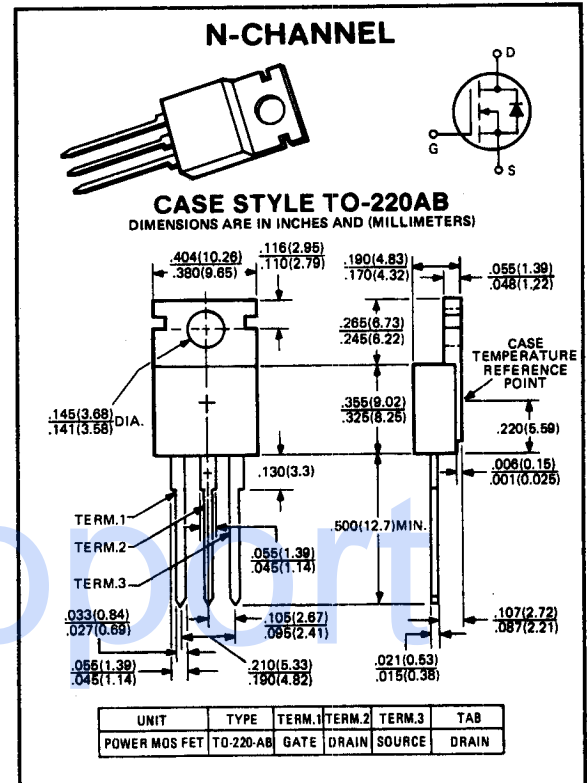
2.0 AMPERES  
500, 450 VOLTS  
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 4.0 \Omega$

This series of N-Channel Enhancement-mode Power MOSFETs utilizes GE's advanced Power DMOS technology to achieve low on-resistance with excellent device ruggedness and reliability.

This design has been optimized to give superior performance in most switching applications including: switching power supplies, inverters, converters and solenoid/relay drivers. Also, the extended safe operating area with good linear transfer characteristics makes it well suited for many linear applications such as audio amplifiers and servo motors.

#### Features

- Polysilicon gate — Improved stability and reliability
- No secondary breakdown — Excellent ruggedness
- Ultra-fast switching — Independent of temperature
- Voltage controlled — High transconductance
- Low input capacitance — Reduced drive requirement
- Excellent thermal stability — Ease of paralleling



maximum ratings ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (unless otherwise specified)

RATING	SYMBOL	IRF822	IRF823	UNITS
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DSS}$	500	450	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage, $R_{GS} = 1M\Omega$	$V_{DGR}$	500	450	Volts
Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	2.0 1.0	2.0 1.0	A A
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>(1)</sup>	$I_{DM}$	8.0	8.0	A
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	Volts
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate Above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	40 0.32	40 0.32	Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

#### thermal characteristics

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	3.12	3.12	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	80	80	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: $\frac{1}{8}$ " from Case for 5 Seconds	$T_L$	260	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

(1) Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

electrical characteristics ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (unless otherwise specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250 \mu A$ )	IRF822 IRF823 $BV_{DSS}$	500 450	—	—	Volts
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ( $V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}, V_{GS} = 0V, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) ( $V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}, \times 0.8, V_{GS} = 0V, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{DSS}$	—	—	250 1000	$\mu A$
Gate-Source Leakage Current ( $V_{GS} = \pm 20V$ )	$I_{GSS}$	—	—	$\pm 500$	nA

on characteristics\*

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$ )	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS(TH)}$	2.0	—	4.0	Volts
On-State Drain Current ( $V_{GS} = 10V, V_{DS} = 10V$ )	$I_{D(ON)}$	2	—	—	A
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance ( $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 1.0A$ )	$R_{DS(ON)}$	—	3.5	4.0	Ohms
Forward Transconductance ( $V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 1.0A$ )	$g_{fs}$	.8	1.1	—	mhos

dynamic characteristics

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 10V$	—	380	400	pF
Output Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25V$	—	60	150	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	10	40	pF

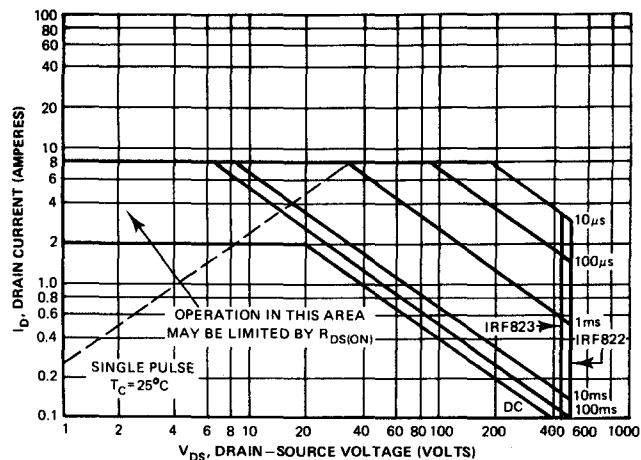
switching characteristics\*

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Turn-on Delay Time	$V_{DS} = 225V$	—	15	—	ns
Rise Time	$I_D = 1.0A, V_{GS} = 15V$	—	10	—	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	$R_{GEN} = 50\Omega, R_{GS} = 12.5\Omega$	—	30	—	ns
Fall Time	$(R_{GS} \text{ (EQUIV.)} = 10\Omega)$	—	25	—	ns

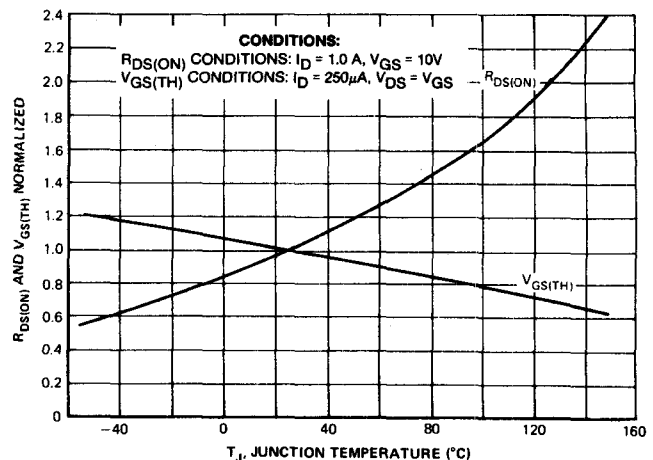
source-drain diode ratings and characteristics\*

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Continuous Source Current	$I_S$	—	—	2.0	A
Pulsed Source Current	$I_{SM}$	—	—	8.0	A
Diode Forward Voltage ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 2.0A$ )	$V_{SD}$	—	1.0	1.5	Volts
Reverse Recovery Time ( $I_S = 2.5A, di_S/dt = 100A/\mu\text{sec}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	$t_{rr}$ $Q_{RR}$	—	410 2.4	—	ns $\mu C$

\*Pulse Test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu s$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$



MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING AREA



TYPICAL NORMALIZED  $R_{DS(ON)}$  AND  $V_{GS(TH)}$  VS. TEMP.